

Nouns

Case	The different endings that a noun can have that determines how a noun is used in a sentence, i.e., if it's a subject, direct object, etc.
Use	What the actual function of a noun is in a sentence

Order of Cases	Nom, Gen, Dat, Acc, Abl, Voc: NG-DAAV
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Case	Use
nominative	subject, complement
genitive	possession
dative	indirect object
accusative	direct object, object of preposition
ablative	object of preposition
vocative	direct address

1st Declension

Case / Number	sing	pl
nominative	a	ae
genitive	ae	ārum
dative	ae	īs
accusative	am	ās
ablative	ā	īs
vocative	a	ae

2nd Declension (Neut)

Case / Number	sing	pl
nominative	us (-um)	ī (-a)
genitive	ī	ōrum
dative	ō	īs
accusative	um (-um)	ōs (-a)
ablative	ō	īs
vocative	e (-um)	ī (-a)

3rd Declension (Neut)

Case / Number	sing	pl
nominative	(-)	ēs (-a)
genitive	is	um
dative	ī	ibus
accusative	em (-)	ēs (-a)
ablative	e	ibus
vocative	(-)	ēs (-a)

4th declension

Case / Number	sing	pl
nominative	us	ūs
genitive	ūs	uum
dative	uī	ibus
accusative	um	ūs
ablative	ū	ibus
vocative	us	ūs

	5th declension	
Case / Number	sing	pl
nominative	ēs	ēs
genitive	ēī	ērum
dative	ēī	ēbus
accusative	em	ēs
ablative	ē	ēbus
vocative	ēs	ēs

Determining Declensions	The case used to determine a noun's declension is by its <u>genitive singular</u> ending: -ae for 1st dec., -ī for 2nd dec., -is for 3rd dec., -ūs for 4th, and -ēī for 5th
1st Declension noun	puella, -ae
2nd declension noun	sevus, -ī
3rd declension noun	pater, patris
4th declension noun	arcus, -ūs
5th declension noun	diēs, -ēī

Noun with a case ending	Possible Case and Number for the Ending
puella (1st declension)	nominative sing, vocative sing
puellae (1st declension)	genitive sing, dative sing, nominative pl, or vocative pl
puellam (1st dec.)	accusative sing
puellā (1st dec.)	ablative sing
puellarum (1st dec.)	genitive pl
puellis (1st dec.)	dative pl, ablative pl
puellas (1st dec)	accusative pl
servus (2nd dec)	nominative sing
servī (2nd dec)	genitive sing, nominative pl, or vocative pl
servō (2nd dec)	dative sing or ablative sing
servum (2nd dec)	accusative sing
serve (2nd dec)	vocative sing
servorum (2nd dec)	genitive pl
servīs (2nd dec)	dative pl, ablative pl
servōs (2nd dec)	accusative pl
baculum (2nd dec neut)	nominative sing, accusative sing, voc sing
bacula (2nd dec neut)	nominative pl, accusative pl, vocative pl
pater (3rd dec)	nominative sing, vocative sing
patris (3rd dec)	genitive sing
patrī (3rd dec)	dative sing
patrem (3rd dec)	accusative sing
patre (3rd dec)	ablative sing
patrēs (3rd dec)	nominative pl, accusative pl, vocative pl
patrum (3rd dec)	genitive pl
patribus (3rd dec)	dative pl, ablative pl

nomen (3rd dec neut)	nominative sing, accusative sing, voc sing
nomina (3rd dec neut)	nominative pl, accusative pl, vocative pl
arcus (4th dec)	nominative sing, vocative sing
arcūs (4th dec)	genitive sing, nominative pl, accusative pl, vocative pl
arcuī (4th dec)	dative sing
arcum (4th dec)	accusative sing
arcū (4th dec)	ablative sing
arcuum (4th dec)	genitive plural
arcibus (4th dec)	dative pl, ablative pl
diēs (5th dec)	nominative sing, nominative pl, accusative pl, vocative pl
diēī (5th dec)	genitive sing, dative sing
diem (5th dec)	accusative sing
diē (5th dec)	ablative sing
diērum (5th dec)	genitive pl
diēbus (5th dec)	dative pl, ablative pl

Verbs

Conjugation	How verbs are formed with different endings
Person	what the subject of a verb is. It can be 1st person (I, we), 2nd person (you), or 3rd person (he/she/it, they)
Number	If the subject is singular or plural

Determining Conjugations	The <u>infinitive ending</u> of a verb determines the conjugation of a verb. The second word or ending listed for a verb is its infinitive ending. There are 4 main conjugations. Verbs that don't fit in those conjugations are called irregular.
1st conjugation	paro, parāre
2nd conjugation	habeo, habēre
3rd conjugation	mitto, mittere
3rd-io conjugation	iacio, iacere
4th conjugation	audio, audire
An irregular conjugation	sum, esse

Forming the Perfect Tense	
V SUX	the four letters that could appear individually before a perfect tense ending.
Examples:	paro, parare, paravi
	mitto, mittere, mihi
	habeo, habere, habui
	dico, dicere, dixi
Reduplicated Stem	The perfect tense is formed with the present tense stem, sometimes with a vowel change.
Examples:	curro, currere, cucurri
	cado, cadere, cecid i (vowel change from -a to -i)

Vowel lengthening		Some verbs simply lengthen the main vowel from the present tense to form the perfect	
Examples:		venio, venire, vēni	
		emo, emere, ēmi	
		Present Tense of sum , irregular conjugation	
Person, number	infinitive	esse	to be
	1st, sing	sum	I am
	2nd, sing	es	you are
	3rd, sing	est	he/she/it is
	1st, pl	sumus	we are
	2nd, pl	estis	you (pl) are
	3rd, pl	sunt	they are
		Imperfect Tense of sum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	eram	I was
	2nd, sing	eras	you were
	3rd, sing	erat	he/she/it was
	1st, pl	eramus	we were
	2nd, pl	eratis	you (pl) were
	3rd, pl	erant	they were
		Future Tense of sum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	ero	I will be
	2nd, sing	eris	you will be
	3rd, sing	erit	he will be
	1st, pl	erimus	we will be
	2nd, pl	eritis	you (pl) will be
	3rd, pl	erunt	they will be
		Perfect tense of sum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	fui	I was, I have been
	2nd, sing	fuisti	you were, you have been
	3rd, sing	fuit	he was, she has been
	1st, pl	fuimus	we were, we have been
	2nd, pl	fuistis	you (pl) were, you (pl) have been
	3rd, pl	fuērunt	they were, they have been
		pluperfect of sum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	fueram	I had been
	2nd, sing	fueras	you had been
	3rd, sing	fuerat	he/she had been
	1st, pl	fueramus	we had been
	2nd, pl	fueratis	you (pl) had been
	3rd, pl	fuerant	they had been
		Future perfect of sum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	fuero	I will have been
	2nd, sing	fueris	you will have been
	3rd, sing	fuerit	he/she will have been
	1st, pl	fuerimus	we will have been
	2nd, pl	fueritis	you (pl) will have been
	3rd, pl	fuerint	they will have been
		present tense 1st conjugation	
infinitive		parare	to prepare

Person, number	1st, sing	paro	I prepare
	2nd, sing	paras	you prepare
	3rd, sing	parat	he/she prepares
	1st, pl	paramus	we prepare
	2nd, pl	paratis	you (pl) prepare
	3rd, pl	parant	they prepare
	imperative positive sing	para	prepare!
	imperative positive pl	parate	prepare!
	imperative neg sing	noli parare	don't prepare!
	imperative neg pl	nolite parare	don't prepare!

imperfect tense 1st conjugation			
Person, number	1st, sing	parabam	I was preparing
	2nd, sing	parabas	you were preparing
	3rd, sing	parabat	he were preparing
	1st, pl	parabamus	we were preparing
	2nd, pl	parabatis	you (pl) were preparing
	3rd, pl	parabant	they were preparing

Future Tense 1st conjugation			
Person, number	1st, sing	parabo	I will prepare
	2nd, sing	parabis	you will prepare
	3rd, sing	parabit	he/she will prepare
	1st, pl	parabimus	we will prepare
	2nd, pl	parabitis	you (pl) will prepare
	3rd, pl	parabunt	they will prepare

Perfect tense 1st conjugation			
Person, number	1st, sing	paravi	I have prepared
	2nd, sing	paravisti	you have prepared
	3rd, sing	paravit	he/she has prepared
	1st, pl	paravimus	we have prepared
	2nd, pl	paravistis	you (pl) have prepared
	3rd, pl	paravērunt	they have prepared

pluperfect tense 1st conjugation			
Person, number	1st, sing	paraveram	I had prepared
	2nd, sing	paraveras	you had prepared
	3rd, sing	paraverat	he/she had prepared
	1st, pl	paraveramus	we had prepared
	2nd, pl	paraveratis	you (pl) had prepared
	3rd, pl	paraverant	they had prepared

future perfect tense 1st conjugation			
Person, number	1st, sing	paravero	I will have prepared
	2nd, sing	paraveris	you will have prepared
	3rd, sing	paraverit	he/she will have prepared
	1st, pl	paraverimus	we will have prepared
	2nd, pl	paraveritis	you (pl) will have prepared
	3rd, pl	paraverint	they will have prepared

present tense 2nd conjugation			
Person, number	infinitive	habēre	to have
	1st, sing	habeo	I have
	2nd, sing	habēs	you have
	3rd, sing	habet	he has

1st, pl	habēmus	we have
2nd, pl	habētis	you (pl) have
3rd, pl	habent	they have
imperative positive sing	habē	have!
imperative positive pl	habēte	have!
imperative neg sing	noli habēre	don't have!
imperative neg pl	nolite habēre	don't have!

		imperfect tense 2nd conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	habēbam	I was having
	2nd, sing	habēbas	you were having
	3rd, sing	habēbat	he/she was having
	1st, pl	habēbamus	we were having
	2nd, pl	habēbatis	you (pl) were having
	3rd, pl	habēbant	they were having

		future tense 2nd conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	habēbo	I will have
	2nd, sing	habēbis	you will have
	3rd, sing	habēbit	he/she will have
	1st, pl	habēbimus	we will have
	2nd, pl	habēbitis	you (pl) will have
	3rd, pl	habēbunt	they will have

		perfect tense 2nd conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	habui	I have had
	2nd, sing	habuisti	you have had
	3rd, sing	habuit	he/she has had
	1st, pl	habuimus	we have had
	2nd, pl	habuistis	you (pl) have had
	3rd, pl	habuērunt	they have had

		pluperfect tense 2nd conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	habueram	I had had
	2nd, sing	habueras	you had had
	3rd, sing	habuerat	he/she had had
	1st, pl	habueramus	we had had
	2nd, pl	habueratis	you (pl) had had
	3rd, pl	habuerant	they had had

		future perfect 2nd conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	habuero	I will have had
	2nd, sing	habueris	you will have had
	3rd, sing	habuerit	he/she will have had
	1st, pl	habuerimus	we will have had
	2nd, pl	habueritis	you (pl) will have had
	3rd, pl	habuerint	they will have had

		present tense 3rd conjugation	
Person, number	infinitive	mittere	to send
	1st, sing	mitto	I send
	2nd, sing	mittis	you send
	3rd, sing	mittit	she sends
	1st, pl	mittimus	we send
	2nd, pl	mittitis	you (pl) send

3rd, pl	mittunt	they send
imperative positive sing	mitte	send!
imperative positive pl	mittite	send!
imperative neg sing	noli mittere	don't send!
imperative neg pl	nolite mittere	don't send!

		imperfect tense 3rd conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	mittēbam	I was sending
	2nd, sing	mittēbas	you were sending
	3rd, sing	mittēbat	he were sending
	1st, pl	mittēbamus	we were sending
	2nd, pl	mittēbatis	you (pl) were sending
	3rd, pl	mittēbant	they were sending

		future tense 3rd conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	mittam	I will send
	2nd, sing	mittēs	you will send
	3rd, sing	mittet	he/she will send
	1st, pl	mittēmus	we will send
	2nd, pl	mittētis	you (pl) will send
	3rd, pl	mittent	they will send

		perfect tense 3rd conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	misi	I have sent
	2nd, sing	misisti	you have sent
	3rd, sing	misit	he/she have sent
	1st, pl	misimus	we have sent
	2nd, pl	misistis	you (pl) have sent
	3rd, pl	misērunt	they have sent

		present tense 3rd-io conjugation	
Person, number	infinitive	iacere	to throw
	1st, sing	iacio	I throw
	2nd, sing	iacis	you throw
	3rd, sing	iacit	he throws
	1st, pl	iacimus	we throw
	2nd, pl	iacitis	you (pl) throw
	3rd, pl	iaciunt	they throw
	imperative positive sing	iace	throw!
	imperative positive pl	iacite	throw!
	imperative neg sing	noli iacere	don't throw!
	imperative neg pl	nolite iacere	don't throw!

		imperfect tense 3rd-io conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	iaciēbam	I was throwing
	2nd, sing	iaciēbas	you were throwing
	3rd, sing	iaciēbat	he were throwing
	1st, pl	iaciēbamus	we were throwing
	2nd, pl	iaciēbatis	you (pl) were throwing
	3rd, pl	iaciēbant	they were throwing

		future tense 3rd-io conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	iaciam	I will throw
	2nd, sing	iaciēs	you will throw
	3rd, sing	iaciet	he/she will throw
	1st, pl	iaciēmus	we will throw

2nd, pl	iaciētis	you (pl) will throw
3rd, pl	iacient	they will throw

		perfect tense 3rd-io conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	iēcī	I have thrown
	2nd, sing	iēcisti	you have thrown
	3rd, sing	iēcīt	he/she has thrown
	1st, pl	iēcimus	we have thrown
	2nd, pl	iēcistis	you (pl) have thrown
	3rd, pl	iēcērunt	they have thrown

		present tense 4th conjugation	
	infinitive	audīre	to hear, to listen
Person, number	1st, sing	audio	I hear
	2nd, sing	audīs	you hear
	3rd, sing	audit	she hears
	1st, pl	audīmus	we hear
	2nd, pl	audītis	you (pl) hear
	3rd, pl	audiunt	they hear
	imperative positive sing	audī	listen!
	imperative positive pl	audīte	listen!
	imperative neg sing	noli audīre	don't listen!
	imperative neg pl	nolite audīre	don't listen!

		imperfect tense 4th conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	audiēbam	I was listening
	2nd, sing	audiēbas	you were listening
	3rd, sing	audiēbat	he were listening
	1st, pl	audiēbamus	we were listening
	2nd, pl	audiēbatis	you (pl) were listening
	3rd, pl	audiēbant	they were listening

		future tense 4th conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	audi am	I will hear
	2nd, sing	audi ēs	you will hear
	3rd, sing	audi et	he/she will hear
	1st, pl	audi ēmus	we will hear
	2nd, pl	audi ētis	you (pl) will hear
	3rd, pl	audi ent	they will hear

		perfect tense 4th conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	audi vi	I have heard
	2nd, sing	audi visti	you have heard
	3rd, sing	audi vit	he/she has heard
	1st, pl	audi vimus	we have heard
	2nd, pl	audi vistis	you (pl) have heard
	3rd, pl	audi vērunt	they have heard

		present tense of possum , irreg. conj.	
	infinitive	posse	to be able
Person, number	1st, sing	possum	I am able, I can
	2nd, sing	potes	you are able, you can
	3rd, sing	potest	he/she is able, he can
	1st, pl	possumus	we are able, we can
	2nd, pl	potestis	you (pl) are able, you (pl) can
	3rd, pl	possunt	they are able, they can

		imperfect of possum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	poteram	I was able, I could
	2nd, sing	poteras	you were able, you could
	3rd, sing	poterat	he/she was able, she could
	1st, pl	poteramus	we were able, we could
	2nd, pl	poteratis	you (pl) were able, you (pl) could
	3rd, pl	poterant	they were able, they could

		future tense of possum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	potero	I will be able
	2nd, sing	poteris	you will be able
	3rd, sing	poterit	he will be able
	1st, pl	poterimus	we will be able
	2nd, pl	poteritis	you (pl) will be able
	3rd, pl	poterunt	they will be able

		perfect tense of possum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	potui	I have been able, I could
	2nd, sing	potuisti	you have been able, you could
	3rd, sing	potuit	he have been able, he could
	1st, pl	potuimus	we have been able, we could
	2nd, pl	potuistis	you (pl) have been able, you could
	3rd, pl	potuērunt	they have been able, they could

		pluperfect tense of possum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	potueram	I had been able
	2nd, sing	potueras	you had been able
	3rd, sing	potuerat	he/she had been able
	1st, pl	potueramus	we had been able
	2nd, pl	potueratis	you (pl) had been able
	3rd, pl	potuerant	they had been able

		future perfect tense of possum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	potuero	I will have been able
	2nd, sing	potueris	you will have been able
	3rd, sing	potuerit	he/she will have been able
	1st, pl	potuerimus	we will have been able
	2nd, pl	potueritis	you (pl) will have been able
	3rd, pl	potuerint	they will have been able

		Present tense of volo , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	infinitive	velle	to want, to wish
	1st, sing	volo	I want, I wish
	2nd, sing	vis	you want
	3rd, sing	vult	he/she/it wants
	1st, pl	volumus	We want
	2nd, pl	vultis	you (pl) want
	3rd, pl	volunt	they want

		Imperfect tense of volo , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	volebam	I was wanting, I wanted, I wished
	2nd, sing	volebas	you were wanting, you wanted
	3rd, sing	volebat	he was wanting, he wanted
	1st, pl	volebamus	we were wanting, we wanted

2nd, pl	volebatis	you (pl) wanted, you (pl) were wanting
3rd, pl	volebant	they wanted, they were wanting

		future of volo , irregular conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	volam	I will want
	2nd, sing	volēs	you will want
	3rd, sing	volet	he/she will want
	1st, pl	volēmus	we will want
	2nd, pl	volēstis	you (pl) will want
	3rd, pl	volent	they will want

		perfect of volo , irreg. conj.	
Person, number			
	1st, sing	volui	I have wanted
	2nd, sing	voluisti	you have wanted
	3rd, sing	voluit	he/she has wanted
	1st, pl	voluimus	we have wanted
	2nd, pl	voluistis	you (pl) have wanted
	3rd, pl	voluērunt	they have wanted

		Present tense of nolo , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	infinitive	nolle	not to want, not to wish
	1st, sing	nōlō	I do not want/wish
	2nd, sing	nōn vīs	you do not want
	3rd, sing	nōn vult	he/she/it does not want
	1st, pl	nōlumus	We do not want
	2nd, pl	nōn vultis	you (pl) do not want
	3rd, pl	nōlunt	they do not want
	imperative positive sing	noli	don't want!
	imperative positive pl	nolite	don't want!

		Imperfect tense of nolo , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	nolebam	I did not want, I was not wanting
	2nd, sing	nolebas	you did not want, you were not wanting
	3rd, sing	nolebat	he did not want, he was not wanting
	1st, pl	nolebamus	we did not want, we were not wanting
	2nd, pl	nolebatis	you (pl) did not want, you (pl) were not wanting
	3rd, pl	nolebant	they did not want, they were not wanting

		future of nolo , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	nolam	I will not want
	2nd, sing	nolēs	you will not want
	3rd, sing	nolet	he/she will not want
	1st, pl	nolēmus	we will not want
	2nd, pl	nolētis	you (pl) will not want
	3rd, pl	nolent	they will not want

		perfect of nolo , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	nolui	I have not wanted
	2nd, sing	noluisti	you have not wanted
	3rd, sing	noluit	he has not wanted

1st, pl	noluimus	we have not wanted
2nd, pl	nolulistis	you (pl) have not wanted
3rd, pl	noluērunt	they have not wanted

		present tense of fero , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	infinitive	ferre	to bring, to carry
	1st, sing	fero	I bring, I carry
	2nd, sing	fers	you carry
	3rd, sing	fert	he carries
	1st, pl	ferimus	we carry
	2nd, pl	fertis	you (pl) carry
	3rd, pl	ferunt	they carry
	imperative positive sing	fer	carry! (sing)
	imperative positive pl	ferite	carry! (pl)
	imperative neg sing	noli ferre	don't carry!
	imperative neg pl	nolite ferre	don't carry!

		imperfect tense of fero , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	ferēbam	I was carrying, I carried
	2nd, sing	ferēbas	you were carrying
	3rd, sing	ferēbat	he was carrying
	1st, pl	ferēbamus	we were carrying
	2nd, pl	ferēbatis	you (pl) were carrying
	3rd, pl	ferēbant	they were carrying

		future of fero , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	feram	I will bring
	2nd, sing	ferēs	you will bring
	3rd, sing	feret	he/she will bring
	1st, pl	ferēmus	we will bring
	2nd, pl	ferētis	you (pl) will bring
	3rd, pl	ferent	they will bring

		perfect tense of fero , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	tuli	I have brought
	2nd, sing	tulisti	you have brought
	3rd, sing	tulit	he/she has brought
	1st, pl	tulimus	we have brought
	2nd, pl	tulistis	you (pl) have brought
	3rd, pl	tulērunt	they have brought

		present tense of eo, ire , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	infinitive	ire	to go
	1st, sing	eo	I go
	2nd, sing	is	you go
	3rd, sing	it	he/she/it goes
	1st, pl	imus	we go
	2nd, pl	itis	you (pl) go
	3rd, pl	eunt	they go
	imperative positive sing	i	go! (sing)
	imperative positive pl	ite	go! (pl)
	imperative neg sing	noli ire	don't go!
	imperative neg pl	nolite ire	don't go!

		imperfect tense of eo, ire , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	ibam	I was going, I went

2nd, sing	ibas	you were going, you went
3rd, sing	ibat	he was going, he went
1st, pl	ibamus	we were going, we went
2nd, pl	ibatis	you (pl) were going, you (pl) went
3rd, pl	ibant	they were going, they went

		future of eo, ire , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	ibo	I will go
	2nd, sing	ibis	you will go
	3rd, sing	ibit	he/she will go
	1st, pl	ibimus	we will go
	2nd, pl	ibitis	you (pl) will go
	3rd, pl	ibunt	they will go

		perfect tense of eo, ire irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	ii	I have gone, I went
	2nd, sing	iistis	you have gone
	3rd, sing	iit	he/she has gone
	1st, pl	iimus	we have gone
	2nd, pl	iistis	you (pl) have gone
	3rd, pl	iērunt	they have gone