

Nouns

Case	The different endings that a noun can have that determines how a noun is used in a sentence, i.e., if it's a subject, direct object, etc.
Use	What the actual function of a noun is in a sentence

Order of Cases	Nom, Gen, Dat, Acc, Abl, Voc: NG-DAAV
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Case	Use
nominative	subject, complement
genitive	possession
dative	indirect object
accusative	direct object, object of preposition
ablative	object of preposition
vocative	direct address

1st Declension

Case / Number	sing	pl
nominative	a	ae
genitive	ae	ārum
dative	ae	īs
accusative	am	ās
ablative	ā	īs
vocative	a	ae

2nd Declension (Neut)

Case / Number	sing	pl
nominative	us (-um)	ī (-a)
genitive	ī	ōrum
dative	ō	īs
accusative	um (-um)	ōs (-a)
ablative	ō	īs
vocative	e (-um)	ī (-a)

3rd Declension (Neut)

Case / Number	sing	pl
nominative	(-)	ēs (-a)
genitive	is	um
dative	ī	ibus
accusative	em (-)	ēs (-a)
ablative	e	ibus
vocative	(-)	ēs (-a)

4th declension

Case / Number	sing	pl
nominative	us	ūs
genitive	ūs	uum
dative	uī	ibus
accusative	um	ūs
ablative	ū	ibus
vocative	us	ūs

5th declension

Case / Number	sing	pl
nominative	ēs	ēs
genitive	ēī	ērum
dative	ēī	ēbus
accusative	em	ēs

ablative	ē	ēbus
vocative	ēs	ēs

Determining Declensions	The case used to determine a noun's declension is by its <u>genitive singular</u> ending: - ae for 1st dec., - i for 2nd dec., - is for 3rd dec., - ūs for 4th, and - ei for 5th
1st Declension noun	puella, - ae
2nd declension noun	sevus, - i
3rd declension noun	pater, patris
4th declension noun	arcus, - ūs
5th declension noun	diēs, - ei

Noun with a case ending	Possible Case and Number for the Ending
puella (1st declension)	nominative sing, vocative sing
puellae (1st declension)	genitive sing, dative sing, nominative pl, or vocative pl
puellam (1st dec.)	accusative sing
puellā (1st dec.)	ablative sing
puellarum (1st dec.)	genitive pl
puellis (1st dec.)	dative pl, ablative pl
puellas (1st dec)	accusative pl
servus (2nd dec)	nominative sing
servi (2nd dec)	genitive sing, nominative pl, or vocative pl
servo (2nd dec)	dative sing or ablative sing
servum (2nd dec)	accusative sing
serve (2nd dec)	vocative sing
servorum (2nd dec)	genitive pl
servis (2nd dec)	dative pl, ablative pl
servos (2nd dec)	accusative pl
baculum (2nd dec neut)	nominative sing, accusative sing, voc sing
bacula (2nd dec neut)	nominative pl, accusative pl, vocative pl
pater (3rd dec)	nominative sing, vocative sing
patris (3rd dec)	genitive sing
patri (3rd dec)	dative sing
patrem (3rd dec)	accusative sing
patre (3rd dec)	ablative sing
patres (3rd dec)	nominative pl, accusative pl, vocative pl
patrum (3rd dec)	genitive pl
patribus (3rd dec)	dative pl, ablative pl
nomen (3rd dec neut)	nominative sing, accusative sing, voc sing
nomina (3rd dec neut)	nominative pl, accusative pl, vocative pl
arcus (4th dec)	nominative sing, vocative sing
arcus (4th dec)	genitive sing, nominative pl, accusative pl, vocative pl
arui (4th dec)	dative sing
arcum (4th dec)	accusative sing
arui (4th dec)	ablative sing
arcuum (4th dec)	genitive plural
arcibus (4th dec)	dative pl, ablative pl
diēs (5th dec)	nominative sing, nominative pl, accusative pl, vocative pl
diei (5th dec)	genitive sing, dative sing
diem (5th dec)	accusative sing

diē (5th dec)	ablative sing
diērum (5th dec)	genitive pl
diēbus (5th dec)	dative pl, ablative pl

Verbs

Conjugation	How verbs are formed with different endings
Person	what the subject of a verb is. It can be 1st person (I, we), 2nd person (you), or 3rd person (he/she/it, they)
Number	If the subject is singular or plural

Determining Conjugations	The infinitive ending of a verb determines the conjugation of a verb. The second word or ending listed for a verb is its infinitive ending. There are 4 main conjugations. Verbs that don't fit in those conjugations are called irregular.
1st conjugation	paro, parāre
2nd conjugation	habeo, habēre
3rd conjugation	mitto, mittere
3rd-io conjugation	iacio, iacere
4th conjugation	audio, audīre
An irregular conjugation	sum, esse

Forming the Perfect Tense

V SUX	the four letters that could appear individually before a perfect tense ending.
Examples:	paro, parare, paravi
	mitto, mittere, mis
	habeo, habēre, habui
	dico, dicere, dixi

Reduplicated Stem	The perfect tense is formed with the present tense stem, sometimes with a vowel change.
Examples:	curro, currere, cucurri
	cado, cadere, cecidi (vowel change from -a to -i)

Vowel lengthening	Some verbs simply lengthen the main vowel from the present tense to form the perfect
Examples:	venio, venire, vēni
	emo, emere, ēmi

Indicative Mood

Present Tense of **sum**, irregular conjugation

Person, number	1st, sing	sum	I am
	2nd, sing	es	you (sing) are
	3rd, sing	est	he/she/it is
	1st, pl	sumus	we are
	2nd, pl	estis	you (pl) are
	3rd, pl	sunt	they are
		Special verb constructions of sum :	
	present active infinitive	esse	to be
	perfect active inf	fuisse	to have been
	future act inf	futurus esse (or fore)	to be about to be
	Imperative sing.	es	be! (sing)
	Imperative sing.	esto	he shall be!
	Imperative pl.	este	be! (pl)
	Imperative pl.	estote	you shall be
	Imperative pl	sunto	they shall be

	Future Participle	futurus	being about to be
	Indicative Mood	Imperfect Tense of sum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	eram	I was
	2nd, sing	eras	you (sing) were
	3rd, sing	erat	he/she/it was
	1st, pl	eramus	we were
	2nd, pl	eratis	you (pl) were
	3rd, pl	erant	they were
	Indicative Mood	Future Tense of sum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	ero	I will be
	2nd, sing	eris	you (sing) will be
	3rd, sing	erit	he will be
	1st, pl	erimus	we will be
	2nd, pl	eritis	you (pl) will be
	3rd, pl	erunt	they will be
	Indicative Mood	Perfect tense of sum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	fui	I was, I have been
	2nd, sing	fuisti	you (sing) were, you have been
	3rd, sing	fuit	he was, she has been
	1st, pl	fuimus	we were, we have been
	2nd, pl	fuistis	you (pl) were, you (pl) have been
	3rd, pl	fuērunt	they were, they have been
	Indicative Mood	pluperfect of sum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	fueram	I had been
	2nd, sing	fueras	you (sing) had been
	3rd, sing	fuerat	he/she had been
	1st, pl	fueramus	we had been
	2nd, pl	fueratis	you (pl) had been
	3rd, pl	fuerant	they had been
	Indicative Mood	Future perfect of sum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	fuero	I will have been
	2nd, sing	fueris	you (sing) will have been
	3rd, sing	fuerit	he/she will have been
	1st, pl	fuerimus	we will have been
	2nd, pl	fueritis	you (pl) will have been
	3rd, pl	fuerint	they will have been
	Subjunctive Mood	Present Tense of sum , irregular conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	sim	I may be
	2nd, sing	sis	you (sing) may be
	3rd, sing	sit	he, she, it may be
	1st, pl	simus	we may be
	2nd, pl	sitis	you (pl) may be
	3rd, pl	sint	they may be
	Subjunctive Mood	Imperfect Tense of sum , irreg. conj. Use the infinitive as the base: esse	
Person, number	1st, sing	essem	I might be
	2nd, sing	esses	you (sing) might be
	3rd, sing	esset	he, she, it might be
	1st, pl	essemus	we might be
	2nd, pl	essetis	you (pl) might be
	3rd, pl	essent	they might be
	Subjunctive Mood	Perfect tense of sum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	fuerim	I may have been
	2nd, sing	fueris	you (sing) may have been
	3rd, sing	fuerit	he, she, it may have been
	1st, pl	fuerimus	we may have been

	2nd, pl	fueritis	you (pl) may have been
	3rd, pl	fuerint	they may have been
	Subjunctive Mood	pluperfect of sum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	fuissem	I might have been
	2nd, sing	fuiesses	you (sing) might have been
	3rd, sing	fuisset	he/she might have been
	1st, pl	fuissemus	we might have been
	2nd, pl	fuissetis	you (pl) might have been
	3rd, pl	fuisissent	they might have been
	Indicative Mood	present tense 1st conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	paro	I prepare
	2nd, sing	paras	you (sing) prepare
	3rd, sing	parat	he/she prepares
	1st, pl	paramus	we prepare
	2nd, pl	paratis	you (pl) prepare
	3rd, pl	parant	they prepare
		Special verb constructions, 1st conjugation:	
	imperative positive sing	para	prepare! (sing)
	imperative positive pl	parate	prepare! (pl)
	imperative neg sing	noli parare	don't prepare! (sing)
	imperative neg pl	nolite parare	don't prepare! (pl)
	infinitive, present active	parare	to prepare
	infinitive, present passive	parari	to be prepared
	infinitive, perfect active	paravisse	to have prepared
	infinitive, perfect passive	paratus esse	to have been prepared
	infinitive, future active	paraturus esse	to be about to prepare
	perfect passive participle	paratus	prepared, having been prepared
	present active participle	parans, parantis	preparing (adj)
	future active participle	paraturus	being about to prepare
	gerund (verbal noun)	parandum	preparing (noun)
	gerundive	parandus est	It is to be prepared, it must be prepared
	Indicative Mood	imperfect tense 1st conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	parabam	I was preparing
	2nd, sing	parabas	you (sing) were preparing
	3rd, sing	parabat	he was preparing
	1st, pl	parabamus	we were preparing
	2nd, pl	parabatis	you (pl) were preparing
	3rd, pl	parabant	they were preparing
	Indicative Mood	Future Tense 1st conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	parabo	I will prepare
	2nd, sing	parabis	you (sing) will prepare
	3rd, sing	parabit	he/she will prepare
	1st, pl	parabimus	we will prepare
	2nd, pl	parabitis	you (pl) will prepare
	3rd, pl	parabunt	they will prepare
	Indicative Mood	Perfect tense 1st conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	paravi	I have prepared
	2nd, sing	paravisti	you (sing) have prepared
	3rd, sing	paravit	he/she has prepared
	1st, pl	paravimus	we have prepared
	2nd, pl	paravistis	you (pl) have prepared
	3rd, pl	paravērunt	they have prepared
	Indicative Mood	pluperfect tense 1st conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	paraveram	I had prepared
	2nd, sing	paraveras	you (sing) had prepared
	3rd, sing	paraverat	he/she had prepared
	1st, pl	paraveramus	we had prepared

2nd, pl	paraveratis	you (pl) had prepared
3rd, pl	paraverant	they had prepared

	Indicative Mood	future perfect tense 1st conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	paravero	I will have prepared
	2nd, sing	paraveris	you (sing) will have prepared
	3rd, sing	paraverit	he/she will have prepared
	1st, pl	paraverimus	we will have prepared
	2nd, pl	paraveritis	you (pl) will have prepared
	3rd, pl	paraverint	they will have prepared

	Indicative Mood	present tense 1st conjugation	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	paror	I am prepared
	2nd, sing	pararis	you (sing) are prepared
	3rd, sing	paratur	he/she is prepared
	1st, pl	paramur	we are prepared
	2nd, pl	paramini	you (pl) are prepared
	3rd, pl	parantur	they are prepared

	Indicative Mood	imperfect tense 1st conjugation	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	parabar	I was being prepared
	2nd, sing	parabaris	you (sing) were being prepared
	3rd, sing	parabatur	he was being prepared
	1st, pl	parabamur	we were being prepared
	2nd, pl	parabamini	you (pl) were being prepared
	3rd, pl	parabantur	they were being prepared

	Indicative Mood	Future Tense 1st conjugation	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	parabor	I will be prepared
	2nd, sing	paraberis	you (sing) will be prepared
	3rd, sing	parabitur	he/she will be prepared
	1st, pl	parabimur	we will be prepared
	2nd, pl	parabimini	you (pl) will be prepared
	3rd, pl	parabuntur	they will be prepared

	Indicative Mood	Perfect tense 1st conjugation (masc)	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	paratus sum	I have been prepared, I was prepared
	2nd, sing	paratus es	you (sing) have been prepared, you were prepared
	3rd, sing	paratus est	he has been prepared, he was prepared
	1st, pl	parati sumus	we have been prepared, we were prepared
	2nd, pl	parati estis	you (pl) have been prepared, you (pl) were prepared
	3rd, pl	parati sunt	they have been prepared, they were prepared

	Indicative Mood	pluperfect tense 1st conjugation (fem)	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	parata eram	I had been prepared
	2nd, sing	parata eras	you (sing) had been prepared
	3rd, sing	parata erat	she had been prepared
	1st, pl	paratae eramus	we had been prepared
	2nd, pl	paratae eratis	you (pl) had been prepared
	3rd, pl	paratae erant	they had been prepared

	Indicative Mood	future perfect tense 1st conjugation (neut)	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	paratum ero	I will have been prepared
	2nd, sing	paratum eris	you (sing) will have been prepared
	3rd, sing	paratum erit	it will have been prepared
	1st, pl	parata erimus	we will have been prepared
	2nd, pl	parata eritis	you (pl) will have been prepared
	3rd, pl	parata erunt	they will have been prepared

	Subjunctive Mood	present tense 1st conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	parem	I may prepare
	2nd, sing	pares	you (sing) may prepare
	3rd, sing	paret	he/she may prepare
	1st, pl	paremus	we may prepare

2nd, pl	paretis	you (pl) may prepare
3rd, pl	parent	they may prepare

	Subjunctive Mood	imperfect tense 1st conjugation: use the present infinitive, parare	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	pararem	I might prepare
	2nd, sing	parares	you (sing) might prepare
	3rd, sing	pararet	he might prepare
	1st, pl	pararemus	we might prepare
	2nd, pl	pararetis	you (pl) might prepare
	3rd, pl	parent	they might prepare

	Subjunctive Mood	perfect tense 1st conjugation: use perfect stem, very similar to future perfect	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	paraverim	whether I prepared
	2nd, sing	paraveris	whether you (sing) prepared
	3rd, sing	paraverit	whether he prepared
	1st, pl	paraverimus	whether we prepared
	2nd, pl	paraveritis	whether you (pl) prepared
	3rd, pl	paraverint	whether they prepared

	Subjunctive Mood	pluperfect tense 1st conjugation, use the perfect active infinitive as the stem: paravisse	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	paravissem	whether I had prepared
	2nd, sing	paravisses	whether you (sing) had prepared
	3rd, sing	paravisset	whether he had prepared
	1st, pl	paravissemus	whether we had prepared
	2nd, pl	paravissetis	whether you (pl) had prepared
	3rd, pl	paravissent	whether they had prepared

	Indicative Mood	present tense 2nd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habeo	I have
	2nd, sing	habēs	you (sing) have
	3rd, sing	habet	he has
	1st, pl	habēmus	we have
	2nd, pl	habētis	you (pl) have
	3rd, pl	habent	they have
		Special verb constructions 2nd conjugation	
	imperative positive sing	habē	have! (sing)
	imperative positive pl	habēte	have! (pl)
	imperative neg sing	noli habēre	don't have! (sing)
	imperative neg pl	nolite habēre	don't have! (pl)
	infinitive, present active	habēre	to have
	infinitive, present passive	habēri	to be had
	infinitive, perfect active	habuisse	to have had
	infinitive, perfect passive	habitus esse	to have been had
	infinitive, future active	habiturus esse	to be about to have
	perfect passive participle	habitus	having been had
	present active participle	habens, habentis	having (adj)
	future active participle	habiturus	about to have
	gerund (verbal noun)	habendum	having (noun)
	gerundive	habendus est	it must be had, it is to be had

	Indicative Mood	imperfect tense 2nd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habēbam	I was having
	2nd, sing	habēbas	you (sing) were having
	3rd, sing	habēbat	he/she was having
	1st, pl	habēbamus	we were having
	2nd, pl	habēbatis	you (pl) were having
	3rd, pl	habēbant	they were having

	Indicative Mood	future tense 2nd conjugation	Active Voice
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Person, number	1st, sing	habēbo	I will have
	2nd, sing	habēbis	you (sing) will have
	3rd, sing	habēbit	he/she will have
	1st, pl	habēbimus	we will have
	2nd, pl	habēbitis	you (pl) will have
	3rd, pl	habēbunt	they will have

	Indicative Mood	perfect tense 2nd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habui	I have had
	2nd, sing	habuisti	you (sing) have had
	3rd, sing	habuit	he/she has had
	1st, pl	habuimus	we have had
	2nd, pl	habuistis	you (pl) have had
	3rd, pl	habuerunt	they have had

	Indicative Mood	pluperfect tense 2nd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habueram	I had had
	2nd, sing	habueras	you (sing) had had
	3rd, sing	habuerat	he/she had had
	1st, pl	habueramus	we had had
	2nd, pl	habueratis	you (pl) had had
	3rd, pl	habuerant	they had had

	Indicative Mood	future perfect 2nd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habuero	I will have had
	2nd, sing	habueris	you (sing) will have had
	3rd, sing	habuerit	he/she will have had
	1st, pl	habuerimus	we will have had
	2nd, pl	habueritis	you (pl) will have had
	3rd, pl	habuerint	they will have had

	Indicative Mood	present tense 2nd conjugation	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habeor	I am had
	2nd, sing	habēris	you (sing) are had
	3rd, sing	habētur	he/she is had
	1st, pl	habēmur	we are had
	2nd, pl	habēmini	you (pl) are had
	3rd, pl	habēntur	they are had

	Indicative Mood	imperfect tense 2nd conjugation	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habēbar	I was being had
	2nd, sing	habēbaris	you (sing) were being had
	3rd, sing	habēbatur	he was being had
	1st, pl	habēbamur	we were being had
	2nd, pl	habēbamini	you (pl) were being had
	3rd, pl	habēbantur	they were being had

	Indicative Mood	Future Tense 2nd conjugation	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habēbor	I will be had
	2nd, sing	habēberis	you (sing) will be had
	3rd, sing	habēbitur	he/she will be had
	1st, pl	habēbimur	we will be had
	2nd, pl	habēbimini	you (pl) will be had
	3rd, pl	habēbuntur	they will be had

	Indicative Mood	Perfect tense 2nd conjugation (masc)	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habitus sum	I have been had, I was had
	2nd, sing	habitus es	you (sing) have been had, you were had
	3rd, sing	habitus est	he has been had, he was had
	1st, pl	habiti sumus	we have been had, we were had
	2nd, pl	habiti estis	you (pl) have been had, you (pl) were had
	3rd, pl	habiti sunt	they have been had, they were had

	Indicative Mood	pluperfect tense 2nd conjugation (fem)	Passive Voice
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Person, number	1st, sing	habita eram	I had been had
	2nd, sing	habita eras	you (sing) had been had
	3rd, sing	habita erat	she had been had
	1st, pl	habitae eramus	we had been had
	2nd, pl	habitae eratis	you (pl) had been had
	3rd, pl	habitae erant	they had been had

	Indicative Mood	future perfect tense 2nd conjugation (neut)	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habitum ero	I will have been had
	2nd, sing	habitum eris	you (sing) will have been had
	3rd, sing	habitum erit	it will have been had
	1st, pl	habita erimus	we will have been had
	2nd, pl	habita eritis	you (pl) will have been had
	3rd, pl	habita erunt	they will have been had

	Subjunctive Mood	present tense 2nd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habeam	I may have
	2nd, sing	habeas	you (sing) may have
	3rd, sing	habeat	he/she may have
	1st, pl	habeamus	we may have
	2nd, pl	habeatis	you (pl) may have
	3rd, pl	habeant	they may have

	Subjunctive Mood	imperfect tense 2nd conjugation: use the present infinitive, habēre	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habērem	I might have
	2nd, sing	habērēs	you (sing) might have
	3rd, sing	habēret	he might have
	1st, pl	habērēmus	we might have
	2nd, pl	habērētis	you (pl) might have
	3rd, pl	habērent	they might have

	Subjunctive Mood	perfect tense 2nd conjugation: use perfect stem, very similar to future perfect	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habuerim	whether I had
	2nd, sing	habueris	whether you (sing) had
	3rd, sing	habuerit	whether he had
	1st, pl	habuerimus	whether we had
	2nd, pl	habueritis	whether you (pl) had
	3rd, pl	habuerint	whether they had

	Subjunctive Mood	pluperfect tense 2nd conjugation, use the perfect active infinitive as the stem: habuisse	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	habuissem	whether I had had
	2nd, sing	habuissēs	whether you (sing) had had
	3rd, sing	habuisset	whether he had had
	1st, pl	habuissēmus	whether we had had
	2nd, pl	habuissētis	whether you (pl) had had
	3rd, pl	habuissent	whether they had had

	Indicative Mood	present tense 3rd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	mitto	I send
	2nd, sing	mittis	you (sing) send
	3rd, sing	mittit	she sends
	1st, pl	mittimus	we send
	2nd, pl	mittitis	you (pl) send
	3rd, pl	mittunt	they send

		special verb constructions 3rd conjugation	
	imperative positive sing	mitte	send! (sing)
	imperative positive pl	mittite	send! (pl)
	imperative neg sing	noli mittere	don't send! (sing)
	imperative neg pl	nolite mittere	don't send! (pl)

infinitive, present active	mittere	to send
infinitive, present passive	mitti	to be sent
infinitive, perfect active	misisse	to have sent
infinitive, perfect passive	missus esse	to have been sent
infinitive, future active	missurus	to be about to be sent
perfect active participle	missus	sent, having been sent
present active participle	mittens, mittentis	sending (adj)
future active participle	missurus	about to be sent
gerund (verbal noun)	mittendum	sending (noun)
gerundive	mittendus est	It is to be sent, it must be sent

	Indicative Mood	imperfect tense 3rd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	mittēbam	I was sending
	2nd, sing	mittēbas	you (sing) were sending
	3rd, sing	mittēbat	he was sending
	1st, pl	mittēbamus	we were sending
	2nd, pl	mittēbatis	you (pl) were sending
	3rd, pl	mittēbant	they were sending

	Indicative Mood	future tense 3rd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	mittam	I will send
	2nd, sing	mittēs	you (sing) will send
	3rd, sing	mittet	he/she will send
	1st, pl	mittēmus	we will send
	2nd, pl	mittētis	you (pl) will send
	3rd, pl	mittent	they will send

	Indicative Mood	perfect tense 3rd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	misi	I have sent
	2nd, sing	misisti	you (sing) have sent
	3rd, sing	misit	he/she have sent
	1st, pl	misimus	we have sent
	2nd, pl	misistis	you (pl) have sent
	3rd, pl	misērunt	they have sent

	Indicative Mood	pluperfect tense 3rd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	miseram	I had sent
	2nd, sing	miseras	you (sing) had sent
	3rd, sing	miserat	he/she had sent
	1st, pl	miseramus	we had sent
	2nd, pl	miseratis	you (pl) had sent
	3rd, pl	miserant	they had sent

	Indicative Mood	future perfect tense 3rd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	misero	I will have sent
	2nd, sing	miseris	you (sing) will have sent
	3rd, sing	miserit	he/she will have sent
	1st, pl	miserimus	we will have sent
	2nd, pl	miseritis	you (pl) will have sent
	3rd, pl	miserint	they will have sent

	Indicative Mood	present tense 2nd conjugation	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	mittor	I am sent
	2nd, sing	mitteris	you (sing) are sent
	3rd, sing	mittitur	he/she is sent
	1st, pl	mittimur	we are sent
	2nd, pl	mittimini	you (pl) are sent
	3rd, pl	mittuntur	they are sent

	Indicative Mood	imperfect tense 3rd conjugation	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	mittēbar	I was being sent
	2nd, sing	mittēbaris	you (sing) were being sent
	3rd, sing	mittēbatur	he was being sent
	1st, pl	mittēbamur	we were being sent

	2nd, pl	mittēbamini	you (pl) were being sent
	3rd, pl	mittēbantur	they were being sent
	Indicative Mood	Future Tense 3rd conjugation	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	mittar	I will be sent
	2nd, sing	mittēris	you (sing) will be sent
	3rd, sing	mittētur	he/she will be sent
	1st, pl	mittēmur	we will be sent
	2nd, pl	mittēmini	you (pl) will be sent
	3rd, pl	mittentur	they will be sent
	Indicative Mood	Perfect tense 3rd conjugation (masc)	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	missus sum	I have been sent, I was sent
	2nd, sing	missus es	you (sing) have been sent, you were sent
	3rd, sing	missus est	he has been sent, he was sent
	1st, pl	missi sumus	we have been sent, we were sent
	2nd, pl	missi estis	you (pl) have been sent, you (pl) were sent
	3rd, pl	missi sunt	they have been sent, they were sent
	Indicative Mood	pluperfect tense 3rd conjugation (fem)	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	missa eram	I had been sent
	2nd, sing	missa eras	you (sing) had been sent
	3rd, sing	missa erat	she had been sent
	1st, pl	missae eramus	we had been sent
	2nd, pl	missae eratis	you (pl) had been sent
	3rd, pl	missae erant	they had been sent
	Indicative Mood	future perfect tense 3rd conjugation (neut)	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	missum ero	I will have been sent
	2nd, sing	missum eris	you (sing) will have been sent
	3rd, sing	missum erit	it will have been sent
	1st, pl	missa erimus	we will have been sent
	2nd, pl	missa eritis	you (pl) will have been sent
	3rd, pl	missa erunt	they will have been sent
	Subjunctive Mood	present tense 3rd conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	mittam	I may send
	2nd, sing	mittas	you (sing) may send
	3rd, sing	mittat	he/she may send
	1st, pl	mittamus	we may send
	2nd, pl	mittatis	you (pl) may send
	3rd, pl	mittant	they may send
	Subjunctive Mood	imperfect tense 3rd conjugation: use the present infinitive, mittere	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	mitterem	I might send
	2nd, sing	mitterēs	you (sing) might send
	3rd, sing	mitteret	he might send
	1st, pl	mitterēmus	we might send
	2nd, pl	mitterētis	you (pl) might send
	3rd, pl	mitterent	they might send
	Subjunctive Mood	perfect tense 3rd conjugation: use perfect stem, very similar to future perfect	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	miserim	whether I send
	2nd, sing	miseris	whether you (sing) send
	3rd, sing	miserit	whether he send
	1st, pl	miserimus	whether we send
	2nd, pl	miseritis	whether you (pl) send
	3rd, pl	miserint	whether they send
	Subjunctive Mood	pluperfect tense 3rd conjugation, use the perfect active infinitive as the stem: misisse	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	misisssem	whether I had sent

2nd, sing	misissēs	whether you (sing) had sent
3rd, sing	misisset	whether he had sent
1st, pl	misissēmus	whether we had sent
2nd, pl	misissētis	whether you (pl) had sent
3rd, pl	misissent	whether they had sent

	Indicative Mood	present tense 3rd-io conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iacio	I throw
	2nd, sing	iacis	you (sing) throw
	3rd, sing	iacit	he throws
	1st, pl	iacimus	we throw
	2nd, pl	iacitis	you (pl) throw
	3rd, pl	iaciunt	they throw
		special verb constructions 3rd-io conjugation	
	imperative positive sing	iace	throw! (sing)
	imperative positive pl	iacite	throw! (pl)
	imperative neg sing	noli iacere	don't throw! (sing)
	imperative neg pl	nolite iacere	don't throw! (pl)
	infinitive, present active	iacere	to throw
	infinitive, present passive	iaci	to be thrown
	infinitive, perfect active	iecissee	to have thrown
	infinitive, perfect passive	iactus esse	to have been thrown
	infinitive, future active	iacturus esse	to be about to throw
	perfect pasive participle	iactus	thrown, having been thrown
	present active participle	iaciens, iacientis	throwing (adj)
	future active participle	iacturus	about to be thrown
	gerund (verbal noun)	iaciendum	throwing (noun)
	gerundive	iaciendus est	it must be thrown, it is to be thrown

	Indicative Mood	imperfect tense 3rd-io conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iaciēbam	I was throwing
	2nd, sing	iaciēbas	you (sing) were throwing
	3rd, sing	iaciēbat	he was throwing
	1st, pl	iaciēbamus	we were throwing
	2nd, pl	iaciēbatis	you (pl) were throwing
	3rd, pl	iaciēbant	they were throwing

	Indicative Mood	future tense 3rd-io conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iaciam	I will throw
	2nd, sing	iaciēs	you (sing) will throw
	3rd, sing	iaciet	he/she will throw
	1st, pl	iaciēmus	we will throw
	2nd, pl	iaciētis	you (pl) will throw
	3rd, pl	iacient	they will throw

	Indicative Mood	perfect tense 3rd-io conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iēci	I have thrown
	2nd, sing	iēcisti	you (sing) have thrown
	3rd, sing	iēcit	he/she has thrown
	1st, pl	iēcimus	we have thrown
	2nd, pl	iēcistis	you (pl) have thrown
	3rd, pl	iēcērunt	they have thrown

	Indicative Mood	pluperfect tense 3rd-io conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iēceram	I had thrown
	2nd, sing	iēceras	you (sing) had thrown
	3rd, sing	iēcerat	he/she had thrown
	1st, pl	iēcераmus	we had thrown
	2nd, pl	iēceratis	you (pl) had thrown
	3rd, pl	iēceraut	they had thrown

	Indicative Mood	future perfect tense 3rd-io conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iēcero	I will have thrown

	2nd, sing	iēceris	you (sing) will have thrown
	3rd, sing	iēcerit	he/she will have thrown
	1st, pl	iēcerimus	we will have thrown
	2nd, pl	iēceritis	you (pl) will have thrown
	3rd, pl	iēcerint	they will have thrown
	Indicative Mood	present tense 3rd-io conjugation	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iacior	I am thrown
	2nd, sing	iacieris	you (sing) are thrown
	3rd, sing	iacitur	he/she is thrown
	1st, pl	iacimur	we are thrown
	2nd, pl	iacimini	you (pl) are thrown
	3rd, pl	iaciuntur	they are thrown
	Indicative Mood	imperfect tense 3rd-io conjugation	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iaciēbar	I was being thrown
	2nd, sing	iaciēbaris	you (sing) were being thrown
	3rd, sing	iaciēbatur	he was being thrown
	1st, pl	iaciēbamur	we were being thrown
	2nd, pl	iaciēbamini	you (pl) were being thrown
	3rd, pl	iaciēbantur	they were being thrown
	Indicative Mood	Future Tense 3rd-io conjugation	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iaciar	I will be thrown
	2nd, sing	iaciēris	you (sing) will be thrown
	3rd, sing	iaciētur	he/she will be thrown
	1st, pl	iaciēmur	we will be thrown
	2nd, pl	iaciēmini	you (pl) will be thrown
	3rd, pl	iacientur	they will be thrown
	Indicative Mood	Perfect tense 3rd-io conjugation (masc)	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iactus sum	I have been thrown, I was thrown
	2nd, sing	iactus es	you (sing) have been thrown, you were thrown
	3rd, sing	iactus est	he has been thrown, he was thrown
	1st, pl	iacti sumus	we have been thrown, we were thrown
	2nd, pl	iacti estis	you (pl) have been thrown, you (pl) were thrown
	3rd, pl	iacti sunt	they have been thrown, they were thrown
	Indicative Mood	pluperfect tense 3rd-io conjugation (fem)	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iacta eram	I had been thrown
	2nd, sing	iacta eras	you (sing) had been thrown
	3rd, sing	iacta erat	she had been thrown
	1st, pl	iactae eramus	we had been thrown
	2nd, pl	iactae eratis	you (pl) had been thrown
	3rd, pl	iactae erant	they had been thrown
	Indicative Mood	future perfect tense 3rd-io conjugation (neut)	Passive Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iactum ero	I will have been thrown
	2nd, sing	iactum eris	you (sing) will have been thrown
	3rd, sing	iactum erit	it will have been thrown
	1st, pl	iacta erimus	we will have been thrown
	2nd, pl	iacta eritis	you (pl) will have been thrown
	3rd, pl	iacta erunt	they will have been thrown
	Subjunctive Mood	present tense 3rd-io conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iaciam	I may throw
	2nd, sing	acias	you (sing) may throw
	3rd, sing	aciat	he/she may throw
	1st, pl	aciamus	we may throw
	2nd, pl	aciatitis	you (pl) may throw
	3rd, pl	aciant	they may throw
	Subjunctive Mood	imperfect tense 3rd-io conjugation: use the present infinitive, iacere	Active Voice

Person, number	1st, sing	iacerem	I might throw
	2nd, sing	iacerēs	you (sing) might throw
	3rd, sing	iaceret	he might throw
	1st, pl	iacerēmus	we might throw
	2nd, pl	iacerētis	you (pl) might throw
	3rd, pl	iacerent	they might throw

Subjunctive Mood		perfect tense 3rd-io conjugation: use perfect stem, very similar to future perfect	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iēcerim	whether I throw
	2nd, sing	iēceris	whether you (sing) throw
	3rd, sing	iēcerit	whether he throws
	1st, pl	iēcerimus	whether we throw
	2nd, pl	iēceritis	whether you (pl) throw
	3rd, pl	iēcerint	whether they throw

Subjunctive Mood		pluperfect tense 3rd-io conjugation, use the perfect active infinitive as the stem: iēcisse	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	iēcissem	whether I had thrown
	2nd, sing	iēcissēs	whether you (sing) had thrown
	3rd, sing	iēcisset	whether he had thrown
	1st, pl	iēcissēmus	whether we had thrown
	2nd, pl	iēcissētis	whether you (pl) had thrown
	3rd, pl	iēcissent	whether they had thrown

Indicative Mood		present tense 4th conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	audio	I hear
	2nd, sing	audīs	you (sing) hear
	3rd, sing	audit	she hears
	1st, pl	audīmus	we hear
	2nd, pl	audītis	you (pl) hear
	3rd, pl	audiunt	they hear
		special verb constructions, 4th conjugation	
imperative positive sing		audī	listen! (sing)
imperative positive pl		audīte	listen! (pl)
imperative neg sing		nolī audīre	don't listen! (sing)
imperative neg pl		nolīte audīre	don't listen! (pl)
infinitive, present active		audīre	to hear, to listen
infinitive, present passive		audīrī	to be heard
infinitive, perfect active		audivisse	to have heard
infinitive, perfect passive		auditus esse	to have been heard
infinitive, future active		auditurus esse	to be about to hear
perfect passive participle		auditus	heard, having been heard
present active participle		audiens, audientis	hearing (adj)
future active participle		auditurus	about to hear
gerund (verbal noun)		audiendum	hearing (noun)
gerundive		audiendus est	it must be heard, it is to be heard

Indicative Mood		imperfect tense 4th conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	audiēbam	I was listening
	2nd, sing	audiēbas	you were listening
	3rd, sing	audiēbat	he was listening
	1st, pl	audiēbamus	we were listening
	2nd, pl	audiēbatis	you (pl) were listening
	3rd, pl	audiēbant	they were listening

Indicative Mood		future tense 4th conjugation	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	audiam	I will hear
	2nd, sing	audiēs	you will hear
	3rd, sing	audiet	he/she will hear
	1st, pl	audiēmus	we will hear
	2nd, pl	audiētis	you (pl) will hear

	3rd, pl	audient	they will hear
Person, number	Indicative Mood	perfect tense 4th conjugation	Active Voice
	1st, sing	audīvī	I have heard
	2nd, sing	audīvistī	you have heard
	3rd, sing	audīvit	he/she has heard
	1st, pl	audīvimus	we have heard
	2nd, pl	audīvistis	you (pl) have heard
	3rd, pl	audīvērunt	they have heard
Person, number	Indicative Mood	pluperfect tense 4th conjugation	Active Voice
	1st, sing	audīveram	I had heard
	2nd, sing	audīveras	you (sing) had heard
	3rd, sing	audīverat	he/she had heard
	1st, pl	audīveramus	we had heard
	2nd, pl	audīveratis	you (pl) had heard
	3rd, pl	audīverant	they had heard
Person, number	Indicative Mood	future perfect tense 4th conjugation	Active Voice
	1st, sing	audīvero	I will have heard
	2nd, sing	audīveris	you (sing) will have heard
	3rd, sing	audīverit	he/she will have heard
	1st, pl	audīverimus	we will have heard
	2nd, pl	audīveritis	you (pl) will have heard
	3rd, pl	audīverint	they will have heard
Person, number	Indicative Mood	present tense 4th conjugation	Passive Voice
	1st, sing	audior	I am heard
	2nd, sing	audīris	you (sing) are heard
	3rd, sing	audītur	he/she is heard
	1st, pl	audīmur	we are heard
	2nd, pl	audīmini	you (pl) are heard
	3rd, pl	audiuntur	they are heard
Person, number	Indicative Mood	imperfect tense 4th conjugation	Passive Voice
	1st, sing	audīēbar	I was being heard
	2nd, sing	audīēbaris	you (sing) were being heard
	3rd, sing	audīēbatur	he was being heard
	1st, pl	audīēbamur	we were being heard
	2nd, pl	audīēbamini	you (pl) were being heard
	3rd, pl	audīēbantur	they were being heard
Person, number	Indicative Mood	Future Tense 4th conjugation	Passive Voice
	1st, sing	audiar	I will be heard
	2nd, sing	audīēris	you (sing) will be heard
	3rd, sing	audīētur	he/she will be heard
	1st, pl	audīēmur	we will be heard
	2nd, pl	audīēmini	you (pl) will be heard
	3rd, pl	audientur	they will be heard
Person, number	Indicative Mood	Perfect tense 4th conjugation (masc)	Passive Voice
	1st, sing	audītus sum	I have been heard, I was heard
	2nd, sing	audītus es	you (sing) have been heard, you were heard
	3rd, sing	audītus est	he has been heard, he was heard
	1st, pl	audīti sumus	we have been heard, we were heard
	2nd, pl	audīti estis	you (pl) have been heard, you (pl) were heard
	3rd, pl	audīti sunt	they have been heard, they were heard
Person, number	Indicative Mood	pluperfect tense 4th conjugation (fem)	Passive Voice
	1st, sing	audīta eram	I had been heard
	2nd, sing	audīta eras	you (sing) had been heard
	3rd, sing	audīta erat	she had been heard
	1st, pl	audītae eramus	we had been heard
	2nd, pl	audītae eratis	you (pl) had been heard

	3rd, pl	audītae erant	they had been heard
Person, number	Indicative Mood	future perfect tense 4th conjugation (neut)	Passive Voice
	1st, sing	audītum ero	I will have been heard
	2nd, sing	audītum eris	you (sing) will have been heard
	3rd, sing	audītum erit	it will have been heard
	1st, pl	audīta erimus	we will have been heard
	2nd, pl	audīta eritis	you (pl) will have been heard
	3rd, pl	audīta erunt	they will have been heard
Person, number	Subjunctive Mood	present tense 4th conjugation	Active Voice
	1st, sing	audiam	I may hear
	2nd, sing	audias	you (sing) may hear
	3rd, sing	audiat	he/she may hear
	1st, pl	audiamus	we may hear
	2nd, pl	audiatis	you (pl) may hear
	3rd, pl	audiant	they may hear
Person, number	Subjunctive Mood	imperfect tense 4th conjugation: use the present infinitive, audire	Active Voice
	1st, sing	audīrem	I might hear
	2nd, sing	audīrēs	you (sing) might hear
	3rd, sing	audīret	he might hear
	1st, pl	audīrēmus	we might hear
	2nd, pl	audīrētis	you (pl) might hear
	3rd, pl	audīrent	they might hear
Person, number	Subjunctive Mood	perfect tense 4th conjugation: use perfect stem, very similar to future perfect	Active Voice
	1st, sing	audīverim	whether I hear
	2nd, sing	audīveris	whether you (sing) hear
	3rd, sing	audīverit	whether he hears
	1st, pl	audīverimus	whether we hear
	2nd, pl	audīveritis	whether you (pl) hear
	3rd, pl	audīverint	whether they hear
Person, number	Subjunctive Mood	pluperfect tense 3rd-io conjugation, use the perfect active infinitive as the stem: audīvisse	Active Voice
	1st, sing	audīvissem	whether I had heard
	2nd, sing	audīvisseēs	whether you (sing) had heard
	3rd, sing	audīvisset	whether he had heard
	1st, pl	audīvisseēmus	whether we had heard
	2nd, pl	audīvisseētis	whether you (pl) had heard
	3rd, pl	audīvissent	whether they had heard
Person, number	Indicative Mood	present tense of possum , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
	infinitive	posse	to be able
	1st, sing	possum	I am able, I can
	2nd, sing	potes	you (sing) are able, you can
	3rd, sing	potest	he/she is able, he can
	1st, pl	possumus	we are able, we can
	2nd, pl	potestis	you (pl) are able, you (pl) can
Person, number	Indicative Mood	imperfect of possum , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
	1st, sing	poteram	I was able, I could
	2nd, sing	poteras	you (sing) were able, you could
	3rd, sing	poterat	he/she was able, she could
	1st, pl	poteramus	we were able, we could
	2nd, pl	poteratis	you (pl) were able, you (pl) could
	3rd, pl	poterant	they were able, they could
	Indicative Mood	future tense of possum , irreg. conj.	Active Voice

Person, number	1st, sing	potero	I will be able
	2nd, sing	poteris	you (sing) will be able
	3rd, sing	poterit	he will be able
	1st, pl	poterimus	we will be able
	2nd, pl	poteritis	you (pl) will be able
	3rd, pl	poterunt	they will be able

	Indicative Mood	perfect tense of possum , irreg. conj.	
Person, number	1st, sing	potuī	I have been able, I could
	2nd, sing	potuistī	you (sing) have been able, you could
	3rd, sing	potuit	he have been able, he could
	1st, pl	potuimus	we have been able, we could
	2nd, pl	potuistis	you (pl) have been able, you could
	3rd, pl	potuerunt	they have been able, they could

	Indicative Mood	pluperfect tense of possum , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	potueram	I had been able
	2nd, sing	potueras	you (sing) had been able
	3rd, sing	potuerat	he/she had been able
	1st, pl	potueramus	we had been able
	2nd, pl	potueratis	you (pl) had been able
	3rd, pl	potuerant	they had been able

	Indicative Mood	future perfect tense of possum , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	potuero	I will have been able
	2nd, sing	potueris	you (sing) will have been able
	3rd, sing	potuerit	he/she will have been able
	1st, pl	potuerimus	we will have been able
	2nd, pl	potueritis	you (pl) will have been able
	3rd, pl	potuerint	they will have been able

	Subjunctive Mood	Present Tense of possum , irregular conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	possim	I may be able
	2nd, sing	possis	you (sing) may be able
	3rd, sing	possit	he, she, it may be able
	1st, pl	possimus	we may be able
	2nd, pl	possitis	you (pl) may be able
	3rd, pl	possint	they may be able

	Subjunctive Mood	Imperfect Tense of possum , irreg. conj. Use the infinitive as the base: posse	
Person, number	1st, sing	possem	I might be able
	2nd, sing	posses	you (sing) might be able
	3rd, sing	posset	he, she, it might be able
	1st, pl	possemus	we might be able
	2nd, pl	possetis	you (pl) might be able
	3rd, pl	possent	they might be able

	Indicative Mood	Present tense of volo , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	infinitive	velle	to want, to wish
	1st, sing	volo	I want, I wish
	2nd, sing	vis	you (sing) want
	3rd, sing	vult	he/she/it wants
	1st, pl	volumus	We want
	2nd, pl	vultis	you (pl) want
	3rd, pl	volunt	they want

	Indicative Mood	Imperfect tense of volo , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	volebam	I was wanting, I wanted, I wished
	2nd, sing	volebas	you (sing) were wanting, you wanted
	3rd, sing	volebat	he was wanting, he wanted
	1st, pl	volebamus	we were wanting, we wanted
	2nd, pl	volebatis	you (pl) wanted, you (pl) were wanting
	3rd, pl	volebant	they wanted, they were wanting

	Indicative Mood	future of volo , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	volam	I will want
	2nd, sing	volēs	you (sing) will want
	3rd, sing	volet	he/she will want
	1st, pl	volēmus	we will want
	2nd, pl	volēstis	you (pl) will want
	3rd, pl	volent	they will want

	Indicative Mood	perfect of volo , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	volui	I have wanted
	2nd, sing	voluisti	you (sing) have wanted
	3rd, sing	voluit	he/she has wanted
	1st, pl	voluimus	we have wanted
	2nd, pl	voluistis	you (pl) have wanted
	3rd, pl	voluērunt	they have wanted

	Subjunctive Mood	Present Tense of volo , irregular conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	velim	I may want
	2nd, sing	velis	you (sing) may want
	3rd, sing	velit	he, she, it may want
	1st, pl	velimus	we may want
	2nd, pl	velitis	you (pl) may want
	3rd, pl	velint	they may want

	Subjunctive Mood	Imperfect Tense of volo , irreg. conj. Use the infinitive as the base: velle	
Person, number	1st, sing	vellem	I might want
	2nd, sing	velles	you (sing) might want
	3rd, sing	vellet	he, she, it might want
	1st, pl	vellemus	we might want
	2nd, pl	velletis	you (pl) might want
	3rd, pl	vellent	they might want

	Indicative Mood	Present tense of nolo , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	nōlō	I do not want/wish
	2nd, sing	nōn vīs	you (sing) do not want
	3rd, sing	nōn vult	he/she/it does not want
	1st, pl	nōlumus	We do not want
	2nd, pl	nōn vultis	you (pl) do not want
	3rd, pl	nōlunt	they do not want
		special verb constructions of nolo , irreg conj	
	imperative positive sing	noli	don't want! (sing)
	imperative positive pl	nolite	don't want! (pl)
	infinitive	nolle	not to want, not to wish
	present participle	nolens, nolentis	not wanting (adj)
	gerund (verbal noun)	nolendum	not wanting (noun)
	gerundive	nolendus est	it must not be wanted, it is not to be wanted

	Indicative Mood	Imperfect tense of nolo , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	nolebam	I did not want, I was not wanting
	2nd, sing	nolebas	you (sing) did not want, you were not wanting
	3rd, sing	nolebat	he did not want, he was not wanting
	1st, pl	nolebamus	we did not want, we were not wanting
	2nd, pl	nolebatis	you (pl) did not want, you (pl) were not wanting
	3rd, pl	nolebant	they did not want, they were not wanting

	Indicative Mood	future of nolo , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	nolam	I will not want
	2nd, sing	nolē	you (sing) will not want
	3rd, sing	nolet	he/she will not want
	1st, pl	nolēmus	we will not want
	2nd, pl	noletis	you (pl) will not want

3rd, pl	nolent	they will not want
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	Indicative Mood	perfect of nolo , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	nolui	I have not wanted
	2nd, sing	nolui	you (sing) have not wanted
	3rd, sing	noluit	he has not wanted
	1st, pl	noluimus	we have not wanted
	2nd, pl	noluitis	you (pl) have not wanted
	3rd, pl	noluērunt	they have not wanted

	Subjunctive Mood	Present Tense of nolo , irregular conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	nolim	I may not want
	2nd, sing	nolis	you (sing) may not want
	3rd, sing	nolit	he, she, it may not want
	1st, pl	nolimus	we may not want
	2nd, pl	nolitis	you (pl) may not want
	3rd, pl	nolint	they may not want

	Subjunctive Mood	Imperfect Tense of nolo , irreg. conj. Use the infinitive as the base: nolle	
Person, number	1st, sing	nollem	I might not want
	2nd, sing	nolles	you (sing) might not want
	3rd, sing	nollet	he, she, it might not want
	1st, pl	nollemus	we might not want
	2nd, pl	nolletis	you (pl) might not want
	3rd, pl	nollent	they might not want

	Indicative Mood	present tense of fero , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	fero	I bring, I carry
	2nd, sing	fers	you (sing) carry
	3rd, sing	fert	he carries
	1st, pl	ferimus	we carry
	2nd, pl	fertis	you (pl) carry
	3rd, pl	ferunt	they carry

	special verb constructions of fero , irreg conj	
imperative positive sing	fer	carry! (sing)
imperative positive pl	ferite	carry! (pl)
imperative neg sing	noli ferre	don't carry! (sing)
imperative neg pl	nolite ferre	don't carry! (pl)
infinitive, present active	ferre	to bring, to carry
infinitive, present passive	ferri	to be brought, to be carried
infinitive, perfect active	latus esse	to have been brought
infinitive, future active	laturus esse	to be about to be brought
present active participle	ferens, ferentis	carrying (adj)
future active participle	laturus	about to bring
gerund (verbal noun)	ferendum	carrying (noun)
gerundive	ferendus est	it must be carried, it is to be carried

	Indicative Mood	imperfect tense of fero , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	ferēbam	I was carrying, I carried
	2nd, sing	ferēbas	you (sing) were carrying
	3rd, sing	ferēbat	he was carrying
	1st, pl	ferēbamus	we were carrying
	2nd, pl	ferēbatis	you (pl) were carrying
	3rd, pl	ferēbant	they were carrying

	Indicative Mood	future of fero , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	feram	I will bring
	2nd, sing	ferēs	you (sing) will bring
	3rd, sing	feret	he/she will bring
	1st, pl	ferēmus	we will bring
	2nd, pl	ferētis	you (pl) will bring
	3rd, pl	ferent	they will bring

	Indicative Mood	perfect tense of fero , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	tuli	I have brought
	2nd, sing	tulisti	you (sing) have brought
	3rd, sing	tulit	he/she has brought
	1st, pl	tulimus	we have brought
	2nd, pl	tulistis	you (pl) have brought
	3rd, pl	tulērunt	they have brought

	Subjunctive Mood	Present Tense of fero , irregular conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	feram	I may bring/carry
	2nd, sing	feras	you (sing) may carry
	3rd, sing	ferat	he, she, it may carry
	1st, pl	feramus	we may carry
	2nd, pl	feratis	you (pl) may carry
	3rd, pl	ferant	they may carry

	Subjunctive Mood	Imperfect Tense of fero , irreg. conj. Use the infinitive as the base: ferre	
Person, number	1st, sing	ferrem	I might not want
	2nd, sing	ferres	you (sing) might not want
	3rd, sing	ferret	he, she, it might not want
	1st, pl	ferremus	we might not want
	2nd, pl	ferretis	you (pl) might not want
	3rd, pl	ferrent	they might not want

	Indicative Mood	present tense of eo , ire , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	eo	I go
	2nd, sing	is	you (sing) go
	3rd, sing	it	he/she/it goes
	1st, pl	imus	we go
	2nd, pl	itis	you (pl) go
	3rd, pl	eunt	they go
		special verb constructions of eo , irreg conj	
	imperative positive sing	i	go! (sing)
	imperative positive pl	ite	go! (pl)
	imperative neg sing	noli ire	don't go! (sing)
	imperative neg pl	nolite ire	don't go! (sing)
	infinitive, present active	ire	to go
	infinitive, present passive	iri	to be gone
	infinitive, perfect active	iisse	to have gone
	infinitive, future active	iturus esse	to about to be gone
	present active participle	iens, euntis	going (adj)
	future active participle	iturus	going to be gone
	gerund (verbal noun)	eundum	going (noun)
	gerundive	eundus	it must be gone, it is about to be gone

	Indicative Mood	imperfect tense of eo , ire , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	ibam	I was going, I went
	2nd, sing	ibas	you (sing) were going, you went
	3rd, sing	ibat	he was going, he went
	1st, pl	ibamus	we were going, we went
	2nd, pl	ibatis	you (pl) were going, you (pl) went
	3rd, pl	ibant	they were going, they went

	Indicative Mood	future of eo , ire , irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	ibo	I will go
	2nd, sing	ibis	you (sing) will go
	3rd, sing	ibit	he/she will go
	1st, pl	ibimus	we will go
	2nd, pl	ibitis	you (pl) will go
	3rd, pl	ibunt	they will go

	Indicative Mood	perfect tense of eo, ire irreg. conj.	Active Voice
Person, number	1st, sing	ii	I have gone, I went
	2nd, sing	iistis	you (sing) have gone
	3rd, sing	iit	he/she has gone
	1st, pl	iimus	we have gone
	2nd, pl	iistis	you (pl) have gone
	3rd, pl	iērunt	they have gone

	Subjunctive Mood	Present Tense of eo , irregular conjugation	
Person, number	1st, sing	eam	I may go
	2nd, sing	eas	you (sing) may go
	3rd, sing	eat	he, she, it may go
	1st, pl	eamus	we may go
	2nd, pl	eatis	you (pl) may go
	3rd, pl	eant	they may go

	Subjunctive Mood	Imperfect Tense of eo , irreg. conj. Use the infinitive as the base: ire	
Person, number	1st, sing	irem	I might go
	2nd, sing	ires	you (sing) might go
	3rd, sing	iret	he, she, it might go
	1st, pl	iremus	we might go
	2nd, pl	iretis	you (pl) might go
	3rd, pl	irent	they might go